Test answers - Time and money

Year: Year 1 · Duration: 25 minutes · /20

Answer to Question 1 (4 marks)

a. The long hand points to 12 and the short hand points to 5, so it is **5 o'clock**. (1 mark)
b. The long hand points to 6 and the short hand is between 10 and 11, so it is **half past 10**. (1 mark)
c. Say the days in order: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, **Thursday**. Thursday comes after Wednesday. (1 mark)
d. Count from January to December: there are **12** months in a year. (1 mark)

Answer to Question 2 (4 marks)

a. Start with the bigger coin and count on: 10, then 5 more makes **15p**. (1 mark)
b. Add all four coins: 10p + 5p = 15p, 15p + 2p = 17p, 17p + 1p = **18p**. (1 mark)
c. One pound is the same as **100** pence: £1 = 100p. (1 mark)
d. 50 is a bigger number than 20, so **the 50p** coin is worth more, even if it is not the bigger coin in size. (1 mark)

Answer to Question 3 (4 marks)

a. Max pays 10p for a 6p lolly. Counting up from the price to the coin goes 7, 8, 9, 10, which is 4 steps, so he gets **4p** change. (1 mark)
b. Count on from 8 to 10: 9, 10. That is **2p** change. (1 mark)
c. Add the two prices: 6p + 2p = **8p**. (1 mark)
d. He pays 10p for things costing 8p: 10 − 8 = **2p** change. (1 mark)

Answer to Question 4 (4 marks)

a. Read the plan: at 9 o'clock it says **school** starts. (1 mark)
b. Lunch is at 12 o'clock and school starts at 9 o'clock. 12 comes after 9, so lunch comes **after** school starts. (1 mark)
c. Count the hours from 9 o'clock: 10 o'clock, 11 o'clock, 12 o'clock. That is **3** hours. (1 mark)
d. 1 hour after 8 o'clock the short hand moves on to the next number, so it is **9 o'clock**. (1 mark)

Answer to Question 5 (4 marks)

a. Add the two prices: 15p + 20p = **35p**. (1 mark)
b. Dani pays 50p. Count on from 35 to 50: 5 to make 40, then 10 to make 50, so 15. His change is **15p**. (1 mark)
c. 1 hour after half past 9 is **half past 10**: the short hand moves on one number. (1 mark)
d. At half past any hour, the long hand points straight down to the **6**. (1 mark)